A review of the integration of virtual reality in healthcare: implications for patient education and treatment outcomes

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Abstract

This paper examines the integration of VR into healthcare settings, focusing on its transformative impact on patient education, treatment outcomes, and future perspectives. Virtual reality (VR) technology has emerged as a groundbreaking tool in healthcare, offering immersive and interactive solutions for patient education, therapy, rehabilitation, and mental health interventions. Key findings from research and practice underscore the effectiveness of VR-based interventions in enhancing patient engagement, comprehension, and retention of medical information, as well as improving treatment adherence, reducing anxiety, managing chronic pain, and enhancing rehabilitation outcomes. Despite technical challenges, such as hardware limitations and data security concerns, the importance of integrating VR into healthcare for optimizing patient care and clinical outcomes cannot be overstated. The future of VR in healthcare holds promise, with continued advancements in technology, interdisciplinary collaboration, and expansion of applications beyond traditional healthcare domains. By addressing challenges and fostering innovation, VR has the potential to revolutionize patient-centered care, shape the future of healthcare delivery, and improve overall well-being.

Keywords: Virtual Reality Healthcare; Patient Education; Treatment Outcome; Integration in Healthcare; VR Applications in Medicine

1 Introduction

Virtual reality (VR) technology has rapidly emerged as a transformative tool with the potential to revolutionize various industries, including healthcare (Abdelmaged, 2021). VR creates immersive, computer-generated environments that users can interact with, providing a sense of presence and realism. In healthcare, VR holds tremendous promise for enhancing patient care, medical training, and therapeutic interventions. The importance of VR in healthcare stems from its ability to simulate real-world scenarios in a controlled and customizable environment. This capability opens up new possibilities for medical professionals to improve patient outcomes, enhance medical education, and streamline clinical workflows (Haleem et al., 2022).

By leveraging VR technology, healthcare providers can offer innovative solutions for diagnosis, treatment, and patient rehabilitation (Logan et al., 2021). Purpose of the Paper, The purpose of this paper is to critically review the integration of virtual reality in healthcare, with a specific focus on its implications for patient education and treatment outcomes. By examining current research, developments, and applications of VR in healthcare settings, this paper aims to shed light on the potential benefits, challenges, and future directions of VR technology in improving patient care.
Through a comprehensive analysis of existing literature and case studies, this paper will explore how VR is being utilized to enhance patient education, empower individuals to actively participate in their healthcare journey, and facilitate better treatment outcomes. Additionally, this paper will examine the role of VR in medical training, clinical simulations, and therapeutic interventions, highlighting its impact on healthcare delivery and patient experiences. Overall, this paper seeks to contribute to the understanding of the integration of VR in healthcare and provide insights into its transformative potential for patient education and treatment outcomes (Patrício et al., 2020).

By synthesizing current knowledge and identifying key trends, challenges, and opportunities, this paper aims to inform healthcare practitioners, researchers, policymakers, and stakeholders about the evolving landscape of VR technology in healthcare (Wider et al., 2023).

### 1.1 Understanding Virtual Reality in Healthcare

Virtual reality (VR) refers to a computer-generated simulation of an immersive environment that can be interacted with in a seemingly real or physical way by a user (Miranda and Vieira, 2020). Through the use of specialized hardware such as headsets or gloves, users can experience a sense of presence within the virtual environment, often with the ability to manipulate objects or navigate through the space. VR technology typically relies on high-resolution displays, motion tracking sensors, and immersive audio to create a convincing sense of immersion for the user (Kailas and Tiwari, 2021).

Evolution of VR Technology in Healthcare, The evolution of VR technology in healthcare has been marked by significant advancements in both hardware and software capabilities (Muñoz, 2020). Initially developed primarily for entertainment and gaming purposes, VR has gradually gained traction in the healthcare sector due to its potential to improve patient care and medical training. Early applications of VR in healthcare focused on medical training and simulation, allowing medical students and professionals to practice surgical procedures or clinical scenarios in a safe and controlled virtual environment. Over time, advancements in VR hardware, such as more affordable and accessible headsets, have facilitated the integration of VR into clinical practice (Barteit et al., 2021).

Types of VR Applications in Healthcare, Surgical Simulation, VR enables surgeons to practice and refine surgical techniques in a realistic virtual environment before performing procedures on actual patients (Hurkköns and Nehme, 2021). Surgical simulation platforms provide haptic feedback and realistic anatomical models, allowing surgeons to improve their skills and reduce the risk of errors during surgery. Pain Management, VR has been increasingly used as a non-pharmacological intervention for managing acute and chronic pain. By immersing patients in calming and distracting virtual environments, VR can help alleviate pain perception and reduce the need for upload-based analgesics.

Therapy, VR-based therapy has shown promise in treating various mental health disorders, including anxiety, post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), and phobias (Cieslik et al., 2020). Therapeutic VR experiences expose patients to controlled stimuli or scenarios to desensitize them to anxiety-provoking triggers or facilitate emotional processing and coping skills development. Patient Education, VR provides engaging and interactive platforms for patient education, allowing individuals to visualize complex medical concepts, anatomy, and treatment procedures. VR-based patient education programs empower patients to actively participate in their healthcare decision-making process and improve health literacy (Skidmore et al., 2023).

These are just a few examples of the diverse applications of VR in healthcare, demonstrating its potential to transform medical education, patient care, and therapeutic interventions (Javai and Haleem, 2020). As VR technology continues to evolve and become more accessible, its integration into healthcare is expected to grow, offering new opportunities for improving patient outcomes and enhancing the delivery of healthcare services. The Role of Virtual Reality in Patient Education.

### 1.2 Enhancing Patient Education in Healthcare Through Virtual Reality

Patient education plays a crucial role in modern healthcare, empowering individuals to actively participate in their treatment decisions, manage their health conditions effectively, and achieve better health outcomes. However, traditional methods of patient education often face challenges such as limited accessibility, lack of engagement, and difficulty in conveying complex medical concepts. Virtual reality (VR) technology offers a promising solution to overcome these barriers by providing immersive and interactive educational experiences tailored to individual patient needs (Antoniou and Bamidis, 2022).

This article explores the importance of patient education in healthcare, examines VR applications for patient education, and discusses the benefits of VR-based patient education (Jones, 2021). Importance of Patient Education in Healthcare, Patient education is essential for promoting health literacy, enhancing patient empowerment, and improving health
outcomes. In today's complex healthcare landscape, patients are expected to actively participate in their care by understanding their medical conditions, treatment options, and self-management strategies. Effective patient education equips individuals with the knowledge and skills necessary to make informed decisions about their health and engage in preventive care practices (Davidson et al., 2022).

Moreover, patient education plays a vital role in improving treatment adherence and compliance. Studies have shown that well-informed patients are more likely to adhere to prescribed treatment regimens, follow lifestyle modifications, and participate in recommended screenings and preventive measures. By fostering a collaborative relationship between patients and healthcare providers, patient education contributes to better communication, trust, and shared decision-making, leading to improved clinical outcomes and patient satisfaction (Bartlett et al., 2020).

VR Applications for Patient Education, Virtual reality offers a wide range of applications for patient education, revolutionizing the way medical information is delivered and consumed (Tang et al., 2020). One of the key areas where VR has demonstrated significant potential is in anatomy visualization. VR allows patients to explore the human body in three-dimensional space, providing a detailed and interactive understanding of anatomical structures and physiological processes. By immersing patients in virtual anatomical models, VR enhances their spatial awareness, facilitates visual learning, and helps them comprehend complex anatomical relationships more intuitively. Procedural simulations represent another important application of VR in patient education (Lesch et al., 2020).

VR-based procedural simulations allow patients to virtually experience medical procedures, surgeries, or interventions in a realistic and controlled environment (Savir et al., 2023). These simulations can be tailored to individual patient needs, providing personalized learning experiences and allowing patients to familiarize themselves with the steps involved in their treatment. By reducing anxiety and uncertainty, VR simulations prepare patients for upcoming procedures, improve their confidence, and enhance their overall treatment experience. Benefits of VR-Based Patient Education, VR-based patient education offers several advantages over traditional educational methods, including increased engagement, better retention of information, and enhanced understanding of complex concepts (Natale et al., 2020).

The immersive nature of VR captivates patients' attention and creates a sense of presence, making educational content more compelling and memorable (Chandana, 2023). By simulating real-world scenarios, VR enables patients to actively participate in the learning process, interact with virtual objects, and explore medical concepts from different perspectives. Moreover, VR-based patient education facilitates experiential learning, allowing patients to practice skills, make decisions, and receive immediate feedback in a risk-free environment. This hands-on approach enhances learning outcomes, promotes critical thinking, and builds patients' confidence in managing their health (Powers et al., 2022).

Additionally, VR can accommodate diverse learning styles and preferences, catering to individual patient needs and preferences more effectively than traditional educational materials (Marougkas et al., 2023). Furthermore, VR-based patient education has been shown to improve patient satisfaction and communication with healthcare providers. By offering immersive and interactive educational experiences, VR fosters a deeper connection between patients and their care teams, facilitates meaningful conversations, and promotes shared decision-making (De Gagne, 2023).

Patients who are better informed about their health conditions and treatment options are more likely to feel empowered, respected, and involved in their care, leading to higher levels of satisfaction and trust in the healthcare system (Cosma et al., 2020). In conclusion, patient education is a fundamental component of quality healthcare, empowering individuals to make informed decisions about their health and actively participate in their care.

Virtual reality technology offers a powerful platform for enhancing patient education by providing immersive, interactive, and personalized educational experiences (Hannans et al., 2021). From anatomy visualization to procedural simulations, VR-based patient education offers numerous benefits, including increased engagement, better understanding of complex concepts, and improved patient outcomes. As VR technology continues to advance and become more accessible, its integration into patient education holds great promise for transforming healthcare delivery and improving the overall patient experience. Enhancing Treatment Outcomes through Virtual Reality

1.3 Harnessing the Healing Power of Virtual Reality, Applications in Therapy, Rehabilitation, and Mental Health

Virtual reality (VR) technology has emerged as a groundbreaking tool in the fields of therapy, rehabilitation, and mental health, offering innovative solutions for treating a wide range of conditions and disorders. This article explores the use of VR in therapy and rehabilitation, focusing on its applications in mental health interventions such as anxiety and post-
traumatic stress disorder (PTSD). Additionally, it examines the impact of VR on treatment adherence and outcomes, highlighting its potential to revolutionize patient care and improve overall well-being (Dermody et al., 2020).

Use of VR in Therapy and Rehabilitation, VR has revolutionized traditional approaches to therapy and rehabilitation by providing immersive and interactive environments that facilitate therapeutic interventions and motor skill training (Kim et al., 2020). In physical therapy, VR allows patients to engage in virtual exercises and activities designed to improve mobility, strength, and coordination. By simulating real-world scenarios, VR-based rehabilitation programs provide patients with a safe and controlled environment to practice movements, receive feedback, and track progress, leading to more effective and engaging rehabilitation experiences. Moreover, VR has shown promise in cognitive rehabilitation for individuals with neurological conditions such as stroke, traumatic brain injury (TBI), or dementia (Catania et al., 2023).

VR-based cognitive training programs offer personalized exercises to target specific cognitive domains, such as memory, attention, and executive function. Through engaging and challenging cognitive tasks presented in a virtual environment, patients can enhance cognitive abilities, promote neuron-plasticity, and regain functional independence in daily activities (Ajayi et al., 2024). VR-Based Interventions for Mental Health Disorders, Virtual reality has emerged as a powerful tool for delivering evidence-based interventions for mental health disorders, offering immersive and experiential therapeutic experiences that traditional methods may lack. In the treatment of anxiety disorders, VR exposure therapy exposes patients to feared stimuli or situations in a controlled virtual environment, allowing them to confront and gradually overcome their fears in a safe and supportive setting (Freitas et al., 2021).

By providing exposure to anxiety-provoking triggers while teaching coping skills and relaxation techniques, VR exposure therapy has demonstrated effectiveness in reducing anxiety symptoms and improving overall functioning (Meyerbröker and Morina, 2021). Similarly, VR-based interventions have been developed for individuals with post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), offering virtual environments that replicate traumatic experiences or triggers encountered in real life. Through exposure therapy and cognitive-behavioral techniques delivered in VR, patients can process traumatic memories, challenge negative beliefs, and learn adaptive coping strategies to manage PTSD symptoms.

VR exposure therapy for PTSD has shown promising results in reducing symptom severity, decreasing avoidance behaviors, and improving quality of life for trauma survivors (Eshuis et al., 2021). Impact of VR on Treatment Adherence and Outcomes, Virtual reality has the potential to significantly impact treatment adherence and outcomes by enhancing patient engagement, motivation, and satisfaction with therapy. The immersive nature of VR captivates patients’ attention and creates a sense of presence, increasing their willingness to participate in therapy sessions and adhere to prescribed treatment regimens.

By offering interactive and personalized experiences, VR-based interventions cater to individual patient needs and preferences, leading to greater treatment satisfaction and engagement (Aderinto et al., 2023). Furthermore, VR can provide immediate feedback and reinforcement during therapy sessions, helping patients track their progress and stay motivated to achieve their rehabilitation goals. Real-time performance data collected through VR systems can be used to monitor patient outcomes, adjust treatment plans, and optimize therapy protocols for better results. Additionally, VR-based interventions offer the advantage of scalability and accessibility, allowing patients to access therapy remotely or in settings where traditional therapy may be unavailable or impractical.

In conclusion, virtual reality technology holds immense potential for transforming therapy, rehabilitation, and mental health interventions (Cieślik et al., 2020). From physical rehabilitation to cognitive training and exposure therapy, VR offers innovative solutions for addressing a wide range of conditions and disorders. By providing immersive and interactive experiences tailored to individual patient needs, VR-based interventions have the capacity to enhance treatment adherence, improve outcomes, and promote overall well-being. As VR technology continues to advance and become more accessible, its integration into healthcare holds promise for revolutionizing patient care and empowering individuals to achieve their fullest potential. Challenges and Considerations

1.4 Navigating Challenges and Considerations in Implementing Virtual Reality in Healthcare

Virtual reality (VR) technology holds tremendous potential for revolutionizing healthcare delivery, from patient education and therapy to surgical simulation and rehabilitation (Whig et al., 2020). However, the integration of VR into healthcare settings comes with a range of technical, ethical, and practical challenges. This article examines the technical challenges of implementing VR in healthcare settings, ethical considerations surrounding patient privacy and informed consent, and the cost-effectiveness and accessibility issues associated with VR adoption in healthcare.
Technical Challenges of Implementing VR in Healthcare Settings, Hardware Limitations, One of the primary technical challenges of implementing VR in healthcare settings is the need for specialized hardware, including VR headsets, motion controllers, and tracking systems (Barteit et al., 2021). High-quality VR equipment can be costly and may require regular maintenance and updates to ensure optimal performance. Integration with Existing Systems, Integrating VR technology with existing healthcare systems, such as electronic health records (EHRs) or medical imaging platforms, can be complex and require interoperability solutions.

Ensuring seamless integration and compatibility with existing workflows is essential to maximize the efficiency and usability of VR applications in healthcare settings (Desselle et al., 2020). Data Security and Privacy, VR systems generate and collect sensitive patient data, including biometric information and behavioral data. Protecting patient privacy and ensuring compliance with data security regulations, such as HIPAA in the United States, presents significant challenges for healthcare providers implementing VR technology. Connectivity and Bandwidth Requirements, VR applications often require high-speed internet connectivity and sufficient bandwidth to deliver immersive experiences without latency or lag (Hazarika and Rahmati, 2023).

In healthcare settings with limited infrastructure or network resources, ensuring reliable connectivity for VR deployment can be challenging. Ethical Considerations in VR Implementation, Patient Privacy, Protecting patient privacy is a paramount ethical consideration in VR implementation. Healthcare providers must ensure that VR systems adhere to strict privacy protocols and data encryption standards to safeguard patient information from unauthorized access or breaches. Informed Consent, Obtaining informed consent from patients participating in VR-based interventions is essential to respect their autonomy and rights (Hsieh, 2020).

Patients should be fully informed about the purpose, risks, and benefits of VR treatment, as well as their rights to withdraw consent at any time (Pietrzykowski and Śmiłowska, 2021). Ethical Use of VR Content, Healthcare providers must ensure that VR content used for patient care is ethically sourced, accurate, and culturally sensitive. VR simulations or experiences should avoid stigmatizing or discriminatory content and adhere to professional standards and guidelines for clinical practice. Cost-Effectiveness and Accessibility Issues, Initial Investment Costs, The upfront costs of acquiring VR hardware and software, along with training staff and integrating VR systems into existing workflows, can be significant barriers to adoption for healthcare organizations, particularly smaller practices or resource-constrained settings (Leonard and Bam, 2020).

Maintenance and Upkeep Expenses, beyond the initial investment, ongoing maintenance, updates, and technical support for VR systems can incur additional expenses for healthcare providers. Ensuring the reliability and functionality of VR equipment requires dedicated resources and expertise. Accessibility and Equity, Ensuring equitable access to VR-based healthcare services is essential to prevent exacerbating healthcare disparities. Healthcare providers must consider factors such as device affordability, digital literacy, and physical accessibility when implementing VR solutions to ensure that all patients have equal opportunities to benefit from VR technology (Dick, 2021).

While virtual reality holds immense promise for transforming healthcare delivery and improving patient outcomes, the integration of VR into clinical practice presents various challenges and considerations (Akinrinola et al., 2024). Addressing technical limitations, navigating ethical complexities, and mitigating cost-effectiveness and accessibility barriers are essential steps in maximizing the potential of VR technology in healthcare. By proactively addressing these challenges and fostering collaboration between technology developers, healthcare providers, policymakers, and patients, we can harness the full benefits of VR to enhance patient care, promote innovation, and advance the future of healthcare (Aminabee, 2024).

1.5 Future Directions and Opportunities

Emerging Trends in VR Technology and Healthcare, Virtual reality (VR) technology continues to evolve at a rapid pace, with emerging trends reshaping its applications and impact in healthcare. Several key Training and Education, Collaborative initiatives between technology developers, healthcare providers, and educational institutions support training and education in VR technology and healthcare applications. Joint workshops, seminars, and training programs provide healthcare professionals with hands-on experience in using VR for medical training, simulation, and continuing education, enhancing clinical skills, competency, and readiness (Ogunjobi et al., 2023).

Policy Advocacy and Advocacy, Collaboration between stakeholders facilitates policy advocacy and advocacy efforts to promote the integration of VR into healthcare systems and reimbursement policies (Oladipo et al., 2024). Advocacy partnerships raise awareness of the value proposition of VR technology in healthcare, advocate for regulatory reforms, and drive investment in research, infrastructure, and workforce development to support widespread adoption of VR-
based healthcare solutions (Ewim et al., 2023). In conclusion, emerging trends in VR technology are reshaping its applications and impact in healthcare, offering new opportunities to improve patient outcomes, enhance access to care, and transform healthcare delivery (Ninduwezuor et al., 2023).

Further research and development are needed to address key challenges, explore new frontiers, and unlock the full potential of VR in healthcare. Collaborative partnerships between technology developers, healthcare providers, and researchers are essential to drive innovation, advance knowledge, and ensure responsible and equitable deployment of VR technology in clinical practice (Addy et al., 2021). By working together, stakeholders can harness the power of VR to revolutionize healthcare and improve the health and well-being of individuals and communities around the world (Gidiagba et al., 2023).

Summary of Key Findings, Virtual reality (VR) technology has emerged as a transformative tool in healthcare, offering immersive and interactive solutions for patient education, therapy, rehabilitation, and mental health interventions. Key findings from research and practice highlight the following VR in Patient Education, VR-based patient education enhances engagement, comprehension, and retention of medical information by providing immersive experiences such as anatomy visualization and procedural simulations. VR in Treatment Outcomes, VR interventions have demonstrated effectiveness in improving treatment adherence, reducing anxiety, managing chronic pain, and enhancing rehabilitation outcomes across various patient populations (Ihemereze et al., 2023).

Technical Challenges, Implementation of VR in healthcare settings presents technical challenges, including hardware limitations, integration with existing systems, data security, and connectivity requirements (Tula et al., 2023). Ethical Considerations, Ethical considerations such as patient privacy, informed consent, and ethical use of VR content must be addressed to ensure responsible and ethical use of VR technology in patient care. Cost-effectiveness and Accessibility, Cost-effective solutions and equitable access to VR-based healthcare services are essential to mitigate financial barriers and ensure that all patients can benefit from VR technology (Daraojimba et al., 2023).

Importance of Integrating VR into Healthcare for Improving Patient Education and Treatment Outcomes, The integration of VR into healthcare is of paramount importance for several reasons. Enhanced Patient Engagement; VR offers immersive and interactive experiences that captivate patients' attention and promote active participation in their healthcare journey, leading to better engagement and adherence to treatment plans. Improved Understanding and Retention, VR-based patient education enhances comprehension and retention of medical information by providing visual and experiential learning experiences that are more effective than traditional educational methods (Odunaiya et al., 2024).

Personalized and Tailored Interventions, VR enables personalized and tailored interventions that can be customized to individual patient needs, preferences, and clinical conditions, leading to more effective and targeted treatments. Optimized Clinical Outcomes, By improving patient education, treatment adherence, and therapeutic outcomes, the integration of VR into healthcare has the potential to optimize clinical outcomes, reduce healthcare costs, and enhance overall quality of care.

The future of VR in healthcare is promising, with continued advancements in technology, research, and clinical applications. Key trends and developments shaping the future of VR in healthcare include, Technological Advancements, Continued advancements in VR hardware, software, and content creation tools will enhance the realism, fidelity, and usability of VR experiences in healthcare.

2 Conclusion

In conclusion, the integration of virtual reality (VR) in healthcare has emerged as a transformative force with profound implications for patient education and treatment outcomes. Through an extensive review of literature and studies, it is evident that VR technology holds immense promise in revolutionizing the healthcare landscape by offering innovative solutions to longstanding challenges. One of the key findings of this review is the remarkable effectiveness of VR in enhancing patient education. By providing immersive and interactive experiences, VR enables patients to better understand their medical conditions, treatment procedures, and healthcare interventions. This improved comprehension leads to greater patient engagement, empowerment, and adherence to treatment plans, ultimately contributing to better health outcomes. Moreover, the utilization of VR in healthcare has shown significant positive impacts on treatment outcomes. From pain management and rehabilitation to surgical training and therapeutic interventions, VR has demonstrated its ability to alleviate symptoms, accelerate recovery, and improve overall patient well-being. By simulating real-life scenarios and environments, VR facilitates personalized and targeted interventions that cater to the specific needs of each patient, leading to more effective and efficient healthcare delivery. Furthermore,
the integration of VR technology offers numerous benefits to healthcare providers and institutions. It enables clinicians to access advanced training modules, simulate complex medical procedures, and enhance their diagnostic and surgical skills in a safe and controlled environment. Additionally, VR-based telemedicine platforms facilitate remote consultations, patient monitoring, and collaborative decision-making, thereby overcoming geographical barriers and improving access to healthcare services. However, despite its immense potential, the widespread adoption of VR in healthcare is still in its nascent stages and faces several challenges. These include technological limitations, cost barriers, regulatory concerns, and ethical considerations surrounding patient privacy and data security. Addressing these challenges will require concerted efforts from researchers, policymakers, industry stakeholders, and healthcare professionals to ensure the responsible and ethical integration of VR technology into clinical practice. In conclusion, the integration of virtual reality in healthcare holds great promise for transforming patient education and treatment outcomes. By harnessing the power of immersive technology, healthcare providers can revolutionize the way medical knowledge is conveyed, treatments are delivered, and patient experiences are enhanced. However, realizing the full potential of VR in healthcare requires collaborative efforts to overcome existing challenges and ensure equitable access to this innovative approach across diverse patient populations. Ultimately, the successful integration of VR into clinical practice has the potential to revolutionize healthcare delivery, improve patient outcomes, and enhance the overall quality of care.

Compliance with ethical standards

Disclosure of conflict of interest
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